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Journal of the Auxiliary Army upon the Rhine, from the 20th to the 26th of July, N. S. dated from Bensheim.

UPON the 20th, 21st, and 22d, the Army remained in their Camp near Gernsheim.

Upon the 21st we were joined by a large Reinforcement of Hungarian Irregular Troops; at the same Time came in Recruits for the Regulars, the whole together amounting to above 3000 Men. The Loss which the Enemy sustained in their Repassage of the Rhine, according to good Accounts, amounted to between 3 and 400 Men killed and wounded. Several Transports laden with Forage came up the Rhine to Gernsheim without any Interruption on the Part of the Enemy.

Upon the 23d the Army advanced to this Place, and the Head Quarters were established at Lorch.

Upon the 24th and 25th, halted. We received great Quantities of Bread and Forage. The Works which the Enemy had thrown up in order to facilitate their Repassage of the Rhine, were razed.

Upon the 25th, the Detachment under General Bernclau, which had been on the other Side of the Rhine from the 17th, rejoined the Army.

Upon the 26th, halted. All the Information we are able to get concerning the Motions of the Enemy, is, that ever since the 20th they have been posted near Heppenheim, in a Meadow beyond Worms, and that they had again put a Garrison of 1500 Men into the Town of Oppenheim.

Journal of the Saxon Auxiliary Army, from the 23d to the 26th of July, N. S. dated from the Head Quarters at Johannisberg near Konigingratz.

UPON the 23d the two Armies remain'd in their old Position. Our Army near Konigingratz, and that of the Prussians in the Camp they had taken upon the 20th Instant on the other Side the Elbe.

Lieutenant Colonel Desoffi sent Advice from Petrowitz, that having sent a Detachment of forty Horse towards Horzinowes, they had brought off seven Troopers and Prussian Hussars, with 45 Horses, and taken at the same Time the Intendant of the Œconony, with some Thousands of Crowns which he was to remit to the Prussians.

By Advice from Count Nadasti, he had advanced upon the 22d Instant to Librantitz, between Hohenbruck and Opotchna, from whence he sent some Troops to take Possession of Pless, having besides posted Rudnicki's and Uhlan's Pulks of Tartars at Czernilow, Gelowitz, and other Places, which were formerly possessed by the Prussians.

General Ballagia's Corps of Cavalry is posted upon our Left at Przeulautch, and Wilczewski's Pulk in the Environs.

Damnitz's Regiment, lately arrived, was also sent to reinforce the Garrison of Pardubitz.

The Right Wing of the Combined Army foraged on the other Side the Adler.

Several Deserters came in, amongst whom were two Trumpeters of Prince William of Prussia's Regiment.

Upon the 24th we had Advice, that the flying Corps of Prussians, under the Command of General Winterfeld, continued marching towards Jaromirz, in order to join the main Body of their Army, after having established Posts along the Metau in order to secure the Communication with the County of Glatz, and to facilitate the Transportation of the Provisions which they receive from that County.

Prince Charles ordered two Bridges to be laid over the Adler to the Right of the Mountain of the Croats, over which he sent 300 Horse to encamp on the other Side. The Austrian Quarter-Masters were also ordered to mark out a Camp there for the Right Wing of the Army.

Yesterday and this Day 30 Deserters from different Regiments came in.

Upon the 25th the King of Prussia, with a Corps of two Battalions, seven Squadrons of Horse, and three Squadrons of Hussars, came to an

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an Eminency in the Front of his Right Wing to reconnoitre our Situation. A Party of our Uhlans, about 100 in Number, who were poſted at Plotiſtie, charged them, without any Loſs but that of one Horſe killed.

A Free Company paſſed the River to the Right of Konigingratz, and having advanced towards the Pruſſian Bridge at Lachenitz, gave the Alarm there, and Prince Charles gave Orders to Major General Radicati, who was poſted with 14 Squadrons of Horſe at Hohenbruck, to paſs the Adler in order to harraſs them.

The Duke of Weiſſenfels had Advice from Lieutenant Colonel Monro, that the Pruſſians, after having left two Battalions at Neuſtadt, were march'd to Kalitz upon the River Rupa, without his being able to prevent them.

His Serene Highneſs intending to drink the Waters for a Fortnight for the Recovery of his Health, quitted the Command of the Auxiliary Army, which devolved upon Lieutenant General Count Renard, till the Chevalier Saxe, who is at preſent at ſome little Diſtance from the Army, indiſpoſed, can take it upon himſelf; and his Highneſs ſat out the 26th for Teutſch Brodt.

Upon the 26th we had Advice, that the Pruſſians had ſtill a ſmall Camp near Neuſtadt, and that that Town was ſtill poſſeſſed by their Troops.

General Nadaſti on his Side has drawn near Aujeſt, and cauſed Major General Radicati, with his Corps of Auſtrian Cavalry, to advance to Bukowina, the two Pulks of Rudnicky and Oulan being poſted near Libzycz.

A Cornet, whom we had ſent out with a Party, having puſh'd as far as Friedland, ſeized there upon ſome Cloth and Horſes belonging to the Pruſſians.

Upon the Right Wing of the Combined Army we erected two Bridges on the Side of Swinare, for the Uſe of the Auſtrian Troops, who are to paſs the Adler, and enter into the Camp traced out for them on the Right of the ſaid River, which they will accordingly paſs in two Columns.

Several Deſerters, who are come over to us, depoſe, that the laſt Forage, undertaken by the Pruſſians, had been chiefly calculated for reconnoitring the Ground near the City of Konigingratz, in order to their attacking us on that Side, but that the King having acknowledged there would be too much Difficulty and Riſque in it, appeared to have given over that Deſign, and that it was ſaid, at preſent, that he intended to make a Motion with his Left Wing towards Pardubitz.

Vienna, July 28, *N. S.* The Pruſſians are retired from before Coſel in Upper Sileſia, not having ſufficient Numbers, both to carry on the Siege, and to eſcort their Proviſions from Neiſs through an open Country, expoſed to the conſtant Incurſions of the Hungarians.

Hague, Auguſt 3, *N. S.* According to Advices from the Army in the Netherlands of Yeſterday, it remained in its old Poſt; and that, in order to extend its Front the farther, it was now encamped in one Line inſtead of two, ſo that the Right Wing reached to Vilvorde. The Garriſon of Namur has ſent out a Party, which has had the good Fortune to ſurpriſe, and burn a conſiderable Magazine of Forage the French had at Thyange. Prince Cherbatow and Baron Solenthal both arrived here Yeſterday from England, and ſet out this Morning for Hanover; as did M. Fogliani a few Days ago for Naples.

Hague, Aug. 6, *N. S.* By the Letters arrived to Day from the Combined Army in the Low-Countries, it had made no Motion of Conſequence, ſtill lining the Canal of Bruſſels; but his Royal Highneſs the Duke had tranſported his Head Quarters to Vilvorde. The French King was returned from Bruges, and joined his main Army at Aloſt on the 4th. His Return to Verſailles is ſaid to be poſtponed. M. Pallavicini is ſoon expected here as Miniſter from the Republick of Genoa.

Whitehall, July 30.

The King has been pleaſed to conſtitute and appoint Mark Kerr, Eſq; commonly called Lord Mark Kerr, General of his Majeſty's Foot Forces, to be Conſtable and Governor of the Caſtle of Edinburgh, and alſo to be Captain of that Company of Foot in the ſaid Garriſon.

John Huske, Eſq; Major General of his Majeſty's Forces, to be Governor of the Fort of Sheerneſs. And,

Henry Bellenden, Eſq; to be Captain or Keeper of the Caſtle of Hurſt.

Whitehall, July 23, 1745.

Whereas it has been repreſented to their Excellencies the Lord Juſtices, That great Abuſes have been, and continue to be committed, with Relation to the Paſſes granted by his Majeſty to ſeveral of his Subjects, for removing their Goods and Effects from France, after his Majeſty's Declaration of War againſt that Crown, purſuant to the Nineteenth Article of the Treaty concluded at Utrecht in the Year 1713, *whereby it is ſtipulated, That, in caſe of a Rupture between the Two Crowns of Great-Britain and France, the entire Space of ſix Months, to be reckon'd from the Day of the Rupture, ſhould be allowed to the Subjects of each Power, to remove their Merchandizes, and Effects; and that, although the ſaid Term of ſix Months is long ſince expired, French Wines, and other Merchandizes are frequently imported from France into Great-Britain and Ireland, under Colour of ſome of the ſaid Paſſes; Their Excellencies, in order to put a Stop to the ſaid Abuſes, have thought fit to direct, and their Excellencies do hereby direct, and declare, That all Paſſes granted for the Purpoſe above-*

above-mentioned, during the ſaid Term of ſix Months, ſhall be from henceforth deemed to be void, and of no Effect; and that no Regard ſhall be had thereto. And the Lords Commiſſioners of His Majeſty's Treaſury, and Admiralty, the Judge of the High Court of Admiralty, the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Revenue in Ireland, the Commanders and Captains of His Majeſty's Fleets, and Ships of War, and all others, whom it may concern, are to take Notice hereof.

Andrew Stone.

Whitehall, July 23, 1745.

Whereas it has been repreſented to their Excellencies the Lords Juſtices, that on Saturday the 13th of this Inſtant, between Six and Nine o'Clock in the Evening, the Houſe of Sir Kenrick Clayton, Bart. at Marden in Surry was ſet on Fire, which, it is apprehended, was done in order to burn down and deſtroy the whole Houſe; and alſo that a Cabinet therein was broke open; Their Excellencies, for the better diſcovering and bringing to Juſtice the Perſon or Perſons who committed the ſaid Crime, are pleaſed to promiſe his Majeſty's Pardon to any one of the Offenders who ſhall diſcover his Accomplice or Accomplices, ſo as they or any one or more of them may be apprehended and convicted thereof.

Andrew Stone.

And as a farther Encouragement for the Making ſuch Diſcovery, the ſaid Sir Kenrick Clayton does hereby promiſe a Reward of One Hundred Pounds, to be paid upon the Conviction of the Offender or Offenders.

Kenrick Clayton.

Victualling-Office, July 26, 1745.

The Commiſſioners for Victualling his Majeſty's Navy give Notice, That on Wedneſday the 28th of Auguſt next, in the Forenoon, they will be ready to receive Propoſals in Writing ſealed up, at their Office on Towerhill, from all ſuch Perſons as are willing to ſerve his Majeſty's Navy with Britiſh Butter, Suffolk and Cheſhire Cheeſe, for the Year enſuing, ending at Michaelmas 1746.

The Committee for Letting the City's Lands, in the Account of the Chamberlain of the City of London, give Notice, that they intend to Lett by ſeveral Leaſes the following Lots, viz. No 1. *One Meſſuage or Tenement, Warehouſe and Vault, in Mincing-lane, now untenanted, but formerly in the Poſſeſſion of Thomas Loveday, for a Term of 21 Years.* No 2. *One Meſſuage or Tenement in Fore ſtreet, almoſt facing Whitecroſs-ſtreet, now untenanted, but formerly in the Poſſeſſion of Thomas Jackſon, for a Term of 21 Years.* No 3 *On a Building Leaſe for 61 Years, One Meſſuage or Tenement at the upper End of Windſor Court in Monkwell ſtreet, now untenanted, but formerly in the Poſſeſſion of Mrs. Mary Morriſon.* No 4. *On a Building Leaſe for 61 Years, One Meſſuage or Tenement in Thames-ſtreet, near Broken Wharf, now untenanted, but formerly in the Poſſeſſion of Thomas Haman.*

And that the ſaid Committee will ſit in the Council Chamber of the Guildhall, London, on Wedneſday the 31ſt Day of July Inſtant, at Four of the Clock in the Afternoon, to receive Propoſals for the ſame: Of which further Information and printed Particulars may be had at the Comptroller's Office in the Guildhall aforeſaid: On which ſaid printed Particulars all Perſons bidding for any of the above Lots are to write their Propoſals.

Note, The ſaid Committee will alſo at the ſame Time receive Propoſals from ſuch Perſons as ſhall be willing to repair the following Pavements, viz. At the Bottom of Lombard ſtreet, near the Corner of the Manſion-Houſe. That Part of Cheapſide where the Conduit lately ſtood. The Pavement on Fleet-bridge. The Pavement in Temple-lane, near Billingſgate. And, The Pavement in Thames ſtreet, near Broken Wharf, oppoſite a vacant or untenanted Houſe there.

Of which further Information and Particulars may be had at the Comptroller's Office in the Guildhall aforeſaid: On which ſaid Particulars all Perſons treating for the ſame are to write their Propoſals.

D. Seaman, *Comptroller.*

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Ship's Company of his Majeſty's Ship Romney, that were actually on board at the Time of her taking the Notre Dame de Lorrett, and St. Martin, and the Notre Dame de la Conception, That they may receive their reſpective Shares of the ſaid Prizes at Mr. Edward Jaſper's Office on Tower-hill, on the 5th of Auguſt next; and alſo that they may receive the Remainder of the Santa Roſa's Prize Money at the ſame Time and Place: And ſuch Shares as are not then demanded, may be received on the firſt Friday in every Month for three Years to come.

Advertiſements.

To be Sold by AUCTION,

ON Monday the 5th of Auguſt next, at One of the Clock, at the Exchange Coffee Houſe in Briſtol, by order of the Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion from the High Court of Admiralty, The Ship Zephir, Burthen about 150 Tons, more or leſs, with 16 Carriage Guns, a Prime Sailor and well found, being a French Prize from St. Maloes bound to Cape Breton, taken by the Prince Charles Privateer and Eagle Letter of Marque Ship; as alſo the Cargo of the ſaid Ship, conſiſting of various Merchandizes proper for the Newfoundland or Cape Breton Markets; the Whole lying on board the Ship, and together with the Ship herſelf to be put up in one Lot. Inventories to be ſeen at the Place of Sale, and at the other Coffee Houſes in Town.

Wm. Hunt, Broker.

TO be Sold, purſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before William Spicer, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, One Sixth Part of the Bahama Iſlands: Alſo a Freehold Farm called Salmon's alias Delpus, with 90 Acres of Arable, Meadow, and Paſture Land thereto belonging, lett to Edward Morgan at 45 l. a Year: Alſo eight Acres of Arable Land, lett to John Joſlin at 3 l. a Year, which ſaid Farm and Lands are ſituate in the Pariſhes of Ingrave and Little Burſted, in the County of Eſſex. And alſo two Freehold Meſſuages and a Warehouſe ſituate in Baſinghall-ſtreet, London, in the Tenure of William Coulthurſt, John Andrews and John Saunders, and lett to William Coulthurſt by Leaſe for 21 Years, of which 11 Years are yet to come, at the yearly Ground-rent of 20 l. clear of all Taxes, late the Eſtate of Sir John Tyrell, Bart. deceaſed. Particulars whereof may be had at the ſaid Maſter's Chambers in Lincoln's Inn.

TO be Sold, at Loyd's Coffee-houſe in Lombard-ſtreet, on Thurſday the Twelfth of September next, between Twelve and Two in the Afternoon, A Ship building by Mr. Robert Carter, (near finiſhed) at his Yard Limehouſe Hole, Burthen by Contract Six hundred and eight Tons and half, built upon the Principles of the Ships lett to the Eaſt India Company, as will more fully appear by the ſaid Contract, bearing Date the 21ſt of Auguſt 1744, to which the Contractor Thomas Lockyer refers.

Purſuant